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# THE BEE

## WASHINGTON

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VOL. 24.

WASHINGTON, D. C. SATURDAY DECEMBER 10, 1904

NO. 27

### No Negro Boat To Land.

Remarkable Action of Mt. Vernon Association—Hon. Frank Hume the Negro's Friend.

The River Queen is a boat that is managed by Captain Woolen, a white gentleman, for the purpose of carrying colored excursionists down the river. This boat is owned by Hon. Frank Hume, a Democrat, but one of the truest friends the colored people have. Not only is he true, humane and liberal to the colored people, but he is the people's benefactor irrespective of color or condition. Mr. Ergood is one of the directors of the River Queen, also a Democrat, but a man of honor. These gentlemen were the first to put a colored excursion boat on the river and they have neither spared pains nor expense to give the people first-class service, as it will be testified to by all who have been down the river on the River Queen. This boat was chartered some time ago to carry a white excursion to Mt. Vernon, and when the Mt. Vernon Ladies' Association received the information that the River Queen had been used during the summer as a colored excursion boat a resolution was adopted at Mt. Vernon prohibiting this boat from landing. The matter was placed in the hands of Robert Scott Hume, Esq., a lawyer of distinction. He sent the following letter to the association:

"Robert Scott Hume,  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,  
452 D St. N. W., opposite Court House,  
Washington, D. C.  
Telephone East 283 Y.

Oct. 13th, 1904.

Harrison H. Dodge, Esq., Manager of  
Mount Vernon Grounds, Mount Ver-  
non Post Office, Fairfax County, Va.

Dear Sir:—

I respectfully beg to state that at a meeting of the directors of the Independent Steamboat & Barge Company, owner of the steamer "River Queen," held at my office on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1904, I was requested by said company to secure for it a copy of the resolutions which said company was advised was passed by the Regents of Mount Vernon at a recent meeting, forbidding and refusing the steamer River Queen permission to land or to land passengers at Mount Vernon for the reason that said steamer had, at various times carried negro passengers and excursionists to various points on the Potomac River and its tributaries.

If I am correctly informed, and the above resolution is of record, I should greatly esteem it if you will kindly forward to me a copy of said resolutions, as well as advise me when the same was passed, where the meeting was held, and what regents were present and voted for the passage of the said resolutions.

I should also consider it a favor if you will advise me whether by reason of fact that the said steamer River Queen had carried negro excursionists and passengers at various times on the Potomac River the Independent Steamboat & Barge Company, owner of said steamer River Queen was notified by you that said steamer could not land at Mount Vernon on the 21st inst., delegates to the National Gas Convention to be held in Washington, D. C., during



HON. FRANK HUME.

this month, and further if not for the aforesaid reason why the steamer River Queen is not allowed by the Regents of Mount Vernon to land said delegates at Mount Vernon at said time, as well as land passengers on other trips.

Trusting I may hear from you at an early date, and thanking you, in advance, for a copy of the aforesaid resolutions, and this favor, I remain,  
Very respectfully yours,  
ROBERT SCOTT HUME,  
Attorney for the Independent Steamboat Company."

In reply to this letter Mr. Hume received the following:  
"Mount Vernon on the Potomac,  
Fairfax County, Virginia.  
Oct. 18th, 1904.

Mr. Robert Scott Hume, Attorney for the Independent Steamboat and Barge Company, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:—

My absence from Mount Vernon has prevented an earlier reply to your favor of Oct. 13th, which please excuse.

Concerning the matter inquired of, the situation may briefly be explained as follows:

A contract exists between the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association and the Mount Vernon & Marshall Hall Steamboat Company, Limited, whereby the latter holds the exclusive privilege of landing passengers at the Mount Vernon wharf. This contract provides that said Steamboat Company shall not employ for such service any boat, other than the Charles Macalester, without the written approval of the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association.

If necessary at any time to employ a substitute or additional boat and such selection by said steamboat company should for any reason be objectionable to the said Association, it is within the province of said Association to reject the same.

In their judgment a boat that has been used for negro excursions comes within the above category, hence the objection to the use of the steamboat River Queen on the occasion referred to.

Hoping this explanation covers the case, I am, sir, with great respect,

Very truly yours,

HARRISON H. DODGE.

After the reception of the above letter, Attorney W. Calvin Chase sent a letter to Mr. Dodge at Mt. Vernon, embracing in that letter what Mr. Dodge wrote Mr. Hume and in reply Mr. Dodge sent the following letter:

"Mount Vernon on the Potomac,  
Fairfax County, Virginia,  
Dec. 1st, 1904.

Wm. Calvin Chase, 1109 I St. N. W.

Replying to your inquiry of 30th ult.,

I have to state that I do not find recorded a resolution of the Mount Vernon Ladies' Association specifically excluding any boat from landing visitors at Mount Vernon because such boat may have been used for negro excursions, but the fact that the steamer Charles Macalester holds the exclusive right of landing passengers at this wharf bars every other boat from this business.

Respectfully,

HARRISON H. DODGE,  
Superintendent."

THE BEE WILL BE THANKFUL TO SEE

The negro race honor Register J. W. Lyons.

The negro race outline a policy.

A manual school at Howard University.

The people read Mrs. A. V. Chase's new book, entitled "Peculiar People."

Negro attorneys organize, and at once.

The District Commissioners appoint a representative negro to a representative place.

Major Richard Sylvester appoint a negro lieutenant.

Several negro detectives appointed.

Representation on the Excise Board.

Suffrage restored to the District of Columbia.

More Republicans on the inaugural committee.

Bacon of Georgia take a nerve tonic.

Ben Tillman continue to sleep.

Everybody read "Peculiar People," by Mrs. A. V. Chase.

The negro stick to his nationality.

Robert W. Tompkins explain why he resigned from the Coleridge Taylor's Choral Society.

Editor Cooper print recent comments about his great (?) journal.

R. W. Thompson tell how it was done.

(James M. Trotter define a policy for the negro.

James H. Hayes resurrect his suffrage league.

John Mitchell, Jr., reproduce his opinion published a few years ago about the Southern white people.

An explanation of his New York speech would not be out of place at this time.

Royal Hughes write a book and tell his friends how it was done.

Sunday school teachers practice what they preach.

SERGEANT FALVY.

Sergeant W. F. Falvy, of the 9th precinct station, has made a record of which any officer ought to be proud.

Last week he made a catch that will forever reflect credit on the 9th precinct.

He sent his man to the grand jury and undoubtedly he will go to the penitentiary. THE BEE as well as the people will be glad to see Mayor Sylvester promote such a worthy officer.

Lieut. Daily, of that precinct, is one of the most active officials in the police department and great credit is due him and his able assistants for the good and orderly conditions of that section of the city.

### The Negro A Menace.

Senator Bacon's Letter—The old man Worried—The races increase.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, sent a letter broadcast through the State on December 4, on the race issue. The Senator is of the opinion that the only salvation for the white people and the negro race in the South is the repeal of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. THE BEE publishes this week brief excerpts from his letter, which is an evidence of the nervous temperament of the Senator's brain:

"There never was in all history a greater crime attempted against civilization than the effort which the Republican party made in the years succeeding the Civil War to overthrow the rule and power of the intelligence and virtue of the South and to place them under the enforced domination of the utterly ignorant and debased in their midst. It was a crime against society and civilization unsurpassed.

### Hon. John A. Merritt.

Again Nominated Postmaster—A Brief History of his Life—A Worthy Man.

President Roosevelt sent to the Senate Tuesday the nomination of Hon. John A. Merritt to be City Postmaster of Washington. No nomination has given greater satisfaction to the people in this city.

Mr. Merritt is the son of John M. and Nancy R. (Albrig) Merritt, was born at Tecumseh, Mich., November 24, 1851. His father was a native of Elizabeth, N. J., and later a resident of western New York, removing, however, to Michigan in 1837, where he pursued the occupation of farming.

Mr. Merritt received his primary education at his birth place. He continued his studies at Lockport, N. Y., to which place he removed in 1868, working in the meantime on a farm until he had reached his eighteenth year, when he became a clerk in a store in Lockport. Soon tiring of that humdrum life, Mr.



HON. JOHN A. MERRITT, Reappointed.

unequaled, and unprecedented in all the ages, to endeavor by legislative enactment to take millions of black men, the lowest and most inferior in blood and development of the human race, ignorant and utterly wanting in each and every moral and mental equipment for governing themselves or others, and to place them in governmental power and control of the white people of the South—a people of education, culture, and refinement—a people who not only by their own character, attainments and achievements, but by the attainments and achievements of an ancestry of a thousand years, justly ranked as a not inferior part of the foremost and most illustrious race of all the earth."

After further discussion along this line, the letter proceeds in part as follows:

"Nor is this simply ancient history with which the men of this day have no practical interest. For while the immediate effort to Africanize the South was thus defeated many years ago, the end is not yet. The Fifteenth Amendment, which was for this purpose added to the Constitution, presents a continuing menace to our civilization and our social order, which can only be guarded against in the future, as it has been in the past, by the union of all white men in the maintenance of white supremacy as superior to all other public questions."

### THE ONLY PAPERS.

Bishop Alexander Waters said on Thursday that THE WASHINGTON BEE and the Boston Guardian are the only two papers in the United States to whom the negroes can look for protection and defense of their civil and political rights. The distinguished Bishop is correct. Bishop Alexander Waters arrived in the city Tuesday morning from Edington, N. C., and with the guest of Rev. S. L. Corrothers, D. D., pastor of Galbraith Church.

### THE AFTERMATH of the S. COLERIDGE TAYLOR CONCERTS.

Editor of THE BEE:

S. Coleridge Taylor can say with Caesar, *Veni, Vidi, Vici*. He cannot but be proud of the universal and unstinted praise accorded him, and we cannot but be proud also for and with him. The musical events have all been well reported, the delightful personality of the composer generously commended, but there is yet one thing which if commented upon has failed to attract my notice. The occasion both here and in Baltimore was successful beyond all parallels. We are prone to look only at results, and to think but little if at all, of what is involved in producing those results. Looked at from the side of financing such an affair, expenses for music, for rents of rehearsal and concert halls, for an orchestra of over fifty pieces, for printing and advertising, for high-priced soloists, for expenses of the composer all the way from Europe and back, and all the minor incidentals that pile up Ossa on Pelion, it is enough to make the boldest hesitate. Yet this association with splendid courage, brains and self-confidence as well as confidence in the people of the community, went at it with a vim and intelligence that brought them forth more than conquerors.

Looked at from the musical standpoint, when one considers the usual and to be expected inharmonies of musicians and musical people in general and in particular, if the director had done nothing more than hold together an aggregation of singers such as they for over two years, he would be worthy of a crown, but to have held them together and drilled them in music of so high a grade as this was, so as to leave so little for the composer to temper, is something almost beyond praise. It is saying none too much to assert that no such chorus has been heard in this District at least within a generation. It is a question whether a better was ever heard here. Mr. Taylor is music incarnate and a hard "task-master," evidently he writes music for musicians. It is very certain that it cannot be faked or bulled through, if it is not done properly it will show you up unmistakably. His conception of his subject is nothing less than an inspiration, and marvellous when we recall he never even saw an Indian. He has an absolute mastery of his subject, vocally and instrumentally and never for an instant wanders from his text. Everybody thought themselves delighted with Hiawatha without an orchestra, but with the orchestra it was a revelation. Messrs. Burleigh and Woodward leave nothing to be desired in their respective solo parts, and it is most unfortunate that Mr. Woodward was not on the stage on this occasion. The ideal soprano soloist does not yet quite seem to have been found, although both ladies are unquestionably good, the second better than the first, but still leaves something to be desired. I never agreed with their rule to exclude home talent. Mr. Taylor's visit will be of inestimable value to the musical people of our community, and should call a halt to the depraved taste for "coon songs" and "rag-time."

By their patronage and support, the community have evidenced their appreciation of the enterprise of the Association. In your last issue you suggest that some individual expression should be shown to Prof. Layton, and he assuredly deserves it. No one can know all of the difficulties, discouragements, and drawbacks that have been around and about him from first to last, and the straightforward, manly courage that has caused him to pay no attention to any of them, simply going on in the course he had laid out, and trusting to results to vindicate him, they have done so to the fullest extent. With the slightest ill feeling for the present incumbent, it is simple justice to say that Mr. Layton should be at the head of the musical system of our schools, and a concerted movement to that end should be at once put on foot. Outside of that there should be a personal testimonial of some kind by subscription, by a benefit from the chorus, by a banquet, or in some form. Don't talk and end there. Do something.

NOKOMIS.

### READ OUR ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BEE contains more advertisements than all other papers edited by negroes in the city. It is the greatest advertising medium and is bound to bring results. The people read THE BEE, hence it will pay you to advertise in it. All patrons of THE BEE are requested to patronize the firms that advertise in it. You can't get better bargains anywhere else. Read its advertisements and be convinced. THE BEE is the people's paper.

### Bishop Waters

Bishop Alexander Waters, of Jersey City, N. J., arrived in the city on Tuesday from Edington, N. C., where he delivered a speech Friday, December 2, on the results of the recent presidential election. Among other things, Bishop Waters said:

"First: The negroes must stand together and stand for the civil and political rights of their race.

"Second: What the negro wants and what he contends for is that his franchise be restored to him. If that cannot be done, let the Federal Government see that the revised Constitution in the South be applied to both the white man and the negro."

Some white man in the audience asked him if he favored a reduction in Southern representation. He told him, "Yes."

He paid a high tribute to Lincoln Douglas, William Lloyd Garrison, and other illustrious men. At a conference of about one hundred representative colored men held in the law office of W. Calvin Chase, Bishop Waters presiding and Rev. S. L. Corrothers acting as secretary, the negro race was discussed in all its phases. Bishop Waters thought that the negro should outline a policy. "The South," said he, "is endeavoring to flirt with and deceive the President. The time has come," said the learned Bishop, "for the negro to act and define a policy that will be effective." He has great faith in those who will enforce the Constitution of the United States. He wants the colored man to do something to shape his own future existence.

Rev. Corrothers agreed in the main with Bishop Waters. Mr. Chase thought that the negro should make office-seeking an incident to his advocacy of the rights of the race. There are so many colored men after an office till they have no time to look out for the welfare of the race. Bishop Waters left the city for the East, where he will return in a few days, at which a general conference of the leading men will be held for the purpose of outlining a policy for the negro.

### NATIONAL COLORED PEOPLE'S CO-OPERATIVE BENEFICIAL UNION.

(Chartered March 17, 1904.)

A deliberative, representative, voluntary protective benevolent association, in which each and every member has one vote in making rules and electing officers, and each enjoys an equal share of all benefits. Prompt medical attention for sick members; death benefits larger than necessary burial expenses; assistance and counsel to members in distress, especially when oppressed in the usual way. To see that each has a fair show in courts, whatever the charge. To own and control sources of supply in order to enable all members to purchase the necessities at reductions from trust prices, the only possible remedy against trusts. The stores, markets, shops, wood and coal and lumber yards, farms, dairies and lands to be owned and managed by the Union and its members. The Union aims to take control of any business, profession or agency that supplies negro needs, in order that negroes may control their own earnings, spendings and business, and in order to employ our own unemployed. The Union organizes all classes and the masses, pledged and shown to be the best interests of all—in fact the negro's salvation—to patronize and work for mutual interests. Colored papers please copy. Membership dues, \$ 5, 10, 15 and 20 cents weekly. The Union will buy land to be divided into suitable lots to be sold to members at cost.

Dr. J. N. Johnson, attorney at law, president; Rev. William H. Johnson and John B. Dillard, vice presidents; Dr. P. W. Price, medical director and treasurer; John T. C. Newsom, financial secretary; Dr. Robert F. Plummer, director of pharmacy; Robert Robinson and Harry Davis, deputies.

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People in North East Washington will not be compelled to come to seventh street for Choice Wines and Liquors, for they have one of the finest and up to date wine and whiskey houses to be found in Washington at J. A. Dorffs 1253 H St. N. E.

Wonders for the Children's Christmas! Tinsel, Toys, Tree Toys, Scrap Pictures, Paper Dolls, Favors. Thousands of things for children. J. Jay Gould's, 421 Ninth street.







## GAS TO RUN WARSHIPS.

German Engineer Thinks Steam Can Be Displaced—Submits Plans for New Motive Power.

The German navy officials are giving close study to the possibilities of gas engines for propelling warships. It is reported that the admiralty is having a rather large vessel fitted out there-with for the purpose of making experiments.

A discussion on the subject attracted unusual attention at a recent session of the German society of naval architects at Berlin. The chief paper was read by Engineer Capitaine, of Frankfurt-on-the-Main, who predicted that gas will displace the turbines.

According to the engineer's calculations the present machine utilizes only 12 to 14 per cent. of the coal's energy, whereas gas engines utilize 26 per cent.

The speaker described his invention, which he copiously illustrated by models and magic lantern pictures, whereby he proved that gas can be successfully adapted to driving marine engines.

The Thorneycrofts are now building a vessel to be fitted with a hundred-horse power gas engine, according to the German engineer's plans. The latter doubts whether the existing types of gas machines are available to above a thousand-horse power, but he says his invention solves the problem of larger sizes. The merits of the new machines besides doubling the energy from coal will be a great saving in room and in weight.

## WANT TO QUIT MISSOURI.

Democratic Residents of a Border County Ask for Its Transfer to Arkansas.

Two hundred farmers of Dunklin county, which lies in southeast Missouri, on the northeastern boundary of Arkansas, have signed a petition asking that the state legislature transfer that county to the state of Arkansas. The sole reason given for the desired transfer is that Missouri is now republican in complexion.

As soon as the citizens of the interior of the county learned that the state had gone for Roosevelt, James Crabtree, Job Turner and S. P. Williams, farmers near Hornersville, had a petition drawn asking that the state legislature enact such provisions as would allow the county to take steps for transfer of allegiance to the commonwealth of Arkansas. A similar petition has been started in Pemiscot county, and the two counties, it is stated, will make a joint move for transfer.

In 1900 the vote of Dunklin county for Bryan was 2,711, and for McKinley considerably less than half that number. This year the county cast only 1,128 votes for Parker and \$95 for Roosevelt. In 1900 there were only 17 votes in Pemiscot county for McKinley.

## ROBS HIS VICTIMS BY WIRE

French Swindler Adopts Original Method of Annexing Cash of Travelers' Friends.

A remarkably clever game of swindling has been going on at Marseilles, France, for some time without being detected. It appears that a man named Adolph Rimbaud stole from the Hotel de Ville, at Mersau, the official seal of the mayor and a packet of blank election cards, which he immediately put to good use.

Rimbaud would attend at the sailings of all vessels, and with credentials that purported him to be the representative of a news association he would obtain the names and addresses of relatives of passengers sailing.

Going ashore, he would telegraph these relatives, "Wire me, poste restante immediately, money. Have missed boat," or "Have lost pocketbook." An accomplice would then present himself at the telegraph office, bearing a false election card identifying the bearer as the man who had telegraphed. This card always bore the stolen mayorality seal. It is estimated that Rimbaud collected more than \$20,000. He has so far made good his escape.

## SEAL CATCH MUCH LOWER.

Total Number of Skins Taken Is a Trifle Under 14,000—Great Luck in Behring Sea.

The returns from the sealing fleet operating from Victoria are about complete. The total catch will be about 13,905 skins. This includes about 1,000 credited to Indians along the coast.

This is the smallest catch in many years. The reason is in a great measure that a small fleet is operating. Twenty-six schooners sent out in 1903 secured with "shore" and Cape Horn catches 20,470 skins. In 1902 the number of skins taken was 16,301; in 1901, 24,160 skins; in 1900, 35,548 skins, and in 1899, 35,471.

The Cape Horn and Falkland island grounds have been abandoned this year. There have been fewer branded skins taken this year than formerly, showing that the seals branded are dying off.

The sealing company is getting the skins all in as quickly as possible now, in order to get them on the London market.

The greatest luck of the year was that encountered in Behring sea. Here navigators report seals were more plentiful than they have seen them for many years.

## His Work Well Done.

Maj. Welltscho, under whose supervision Port Arthur was fortified, is regarded as the greatest living military engineer. He is now 48 years of age. It was he who outlined the entire plan for the fortified circle of mountains and hills surrounding the fortress and most of the work was carried out under his eye.

## CANNED CORN OUTPUT

MARYLAND'S SHARE WILL BE OVER 300,000 CASES.

Total Pack of Entire Country Estimated at About 9,000,000 Cases, or About Double Output of Last Year.

Maryland canners will this year pack more cans of sweet corn than was ever known in the trade here before. In 1903 about 150,000 cases were packed. This year the output is figured at 300,000 cases. Each case contains two dozen cans, so the total number of cans this year, based on the number of cases given above, will be 7,200,000.

A well-known firm of canned goods brokers say that the pack this year is large because of the great demand for corn not only at home, but abroad, and also to the short pack of last year. The smallness of the pack in 1903 resulted in the placing by jobbers all over the country of large advance orders at a slightly increased rise over last year's prices.

It is figured that the pack in Maryland will not only be doubled, but that there will be a like increase in all the sweet-corn-producing states of this country, as well as in Canada. According to information that has been received in this city it is figured out that in Indiana, where there are eight large factories, which last year put up 297,100 cases, there will be 518,500 this year. This is an increase of 75 per cent., and it is considered that a good margin will be made by the producers.

In the state of Illinois last year the ten factories produced 635,450 cases, making an increase of 404,383 cases, or about 63 per cent. more. In New York state 20 factories put up 144,388 cases in 1903, as against 401,041 cases in 1904, making an increase of 178 per cent. The eight factories in Ohio produced 113,500 cases in 1903 and 315,700 this year. In Iowa, where there are eight factories, the product in 1903 was 242,000 cases, as against 513,000 cases this year, about 113 per cent. increase. Nebraska's six factories increased their output this year about 113 per cent. over 1903, the figures being last year 115,565 cases, against 270,000 cases in 1904. In Michigan the four factories produced 38,500 cases in 1903 and 67,000 this year; Wisconsin, 109,840 cases in 1903 and 130,800 this year, a gain of 20,960 cases; or about 20 per cent. over last year.

Those who are familiar with the figures of the corn pack from the above returns say the total pack will be about 9,000,000 cases, or about double the output in 1903. The Dominion of Canada produced in 1903 160,000 cases, as against 300,000 in 1904.

## IS WON AT NO MAN'S PARTY

President of St. Louis Bachelor Girls' Club Capitulates to the Wiles of Cupid.

That Cupid's darts are no respectors of individuals or compacts is emphasized by the announcement of the coming marriage of Miss Julia R. Rapp, president of the Bachelor Girls' club of St. Teresa's parish of St. Louis, to J. T. Burke, also a member of the Grand avenue church.

Stranger still is the fact that the engagement of the young people grew out of a bachelor girls' party from which men were tabooed, but failed not to attend. Mr. Burke was one of 15 young men who braved the stern edict of the girls that none but girls participate in the party's festivities.

The party was given at Miss Rapp's home February 12, 1904. The onslaught on the house by the young men was more than the girls could withstand, and they capitulated with the best grace possible.

Mr. Burke's suit, while never frowned upon, was not successful at the start. Though he had led the party that broke into the sacred confines of the bachelor girls' party with glory to himself and his companions, Miss Rapp was loth to renounce the principles of spinsterhood she had advocated.

Burke was persistent, however, and pressed his suit with the ardor worthy of the Japanese samurai.

When he proposed, she hesitated, fearing the wrath of her fellow-sworn bachelor girls.

## RED TAPE PROVES COSTLY.

Agent of Inventor, Kept Waiting by French Minister, Sells Valuable Patent to England.

Delay and red tape in connection with government bureaus in France is notorious, and it is likely this time to deprive the country of a valuable invention in case of war.

M. Dubois, agent of a Swiss inventor of apparatus enabling warships to exchange communication by wireless telegraphy, called on the minister of marine at 11 o'clock one morning, and, after waiting until four in the afternoon, was informed that the minister was busy, and that he might return in three weeks.

Indignant, he took the first train to London. Returning to Paris recently he announced that he had sold his patent to the British admiralty.

## Find Giant Fossil.

An interesting fossil has been discovered during the course of some excavations which are being made in the Rue Michelet, in Havre, France. They are believed to be fragments of the hyperoodon butzoffi rostratus, a sort of monster porpoise. The museum there possesses a complete skeleton of this kind, which was discovered in 1895. It is over eight yards in length.

# LET US SUPPLY THE FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

Only eighteen days remain in which to make your home cozy and attractive for the holidays. This is the time of year when you will appreciate the many benefits and privileges of our Peerless Credit System, because it allows you to buy whatever may be needed in Parlor, Bed Room and Dining Room Furniture, also Carpets, Draperies, Crockery, Bedwear, Stoves, Ranges, etc., without disturbing your Christmas money. Our stocks in all departments are now at their very best, and whatever you buy here can be depended upon—ABSOLUTELY—for durability. Our Carpet stock contains the newest weaves and richest colorings in all the standard grades, and although prices are substantially reduced, we still continue to do the making, laying and lining entirely free of cost, which is a saving of from 20 to 25 cents on the cost of every yard, as compared with cash store prices. Help yourself to whatever you need

## ON CREDIT

The Following Discounts Form an Attractive Feature of Our Popular Credit System:  
10 Per Cent Discount for Cash With Order or if Paid in Full Within Thirty Days.

7½ Per Cent Discount if Paid in Full Within Sixty Days.

5 Per Cent Discount if Paid in Full Within Ninety Days.

The price of every article in our house is marked in plain figures, and these marked prices are as low as goods of equal quality can be bought for in any cash store. So, even though you may not avail yourself of the discounts named above, you are still enabled to buy at spot cash prices, and have practically your own time in which to pay the bill. For many years we have made a specialty of furnishing homes for newly married couples. Everything necessary to complete house-keeping can be had here, and we are very careful to arrange the payments to suit their convenience. There is absolutely no formality attached to our method of giving credit. No matter how much or how little is required, it can be bought here most advantageously and on the easiest weekly or monthly payments ever offered by any house in Washington.

# PETER GROGAN,

817-819-821-823 SEVENTH STREET N.W., BETWEEN H AND I STS.



# The Bee.

PUBLISHED AT

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W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

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Subscribe, monthly..... 2

## MISCEGATION OF WHITES AND BLACKS.

An observation which THE BEE made in a recent issue on the President's speech at the unveiling of the statue of Frederick the Great has called forth an editorial from The Birmingham (Ala.) *Age-Herald*. The President said that the people of the United States are a composite race, and then he enumerated some of the elements entering into this composition, among them being Italian, Magyar, Finn and Slav. THE BEE observed that the African element was omitted. The *Age-Herald* does not dispute our statements, because it probably realized that all ascertainable facts support them. It seems to think and added: "There is probably a larger admixture of African blood in the composition of the white people of the United States than there is of Italian, Magyar, Finn or Slav." that the editor of THE BEE was offended at the President because of the failure to include the African element in his enumeration of races out of which the white man of the United States is made. We were not offended because of the omission, and we should not have been elated at the mention of a fact known to all intelligent persons. We called attention to the omission in the interest of historical and scientific truth; that was all. Our interest in the matter went that far, and ceased at that point.

Some time ago Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, a gifted writer of fiction started out to prove that Alexander Hamilton, one of the greatest men of our American history, had no stain of African blood in his veins. She failed to find any evidence which would rebut tradition and common report, both of which say that the great financier and statesman was of African descent from his mother's side. We would recommend that the editor of the *Age-Herald* read the appendix of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge's life of Alexander Hamilton in the "American Statesman Series." A bishop of the Catholic Church died about four years ago, who was the son of a colored woman and an Irish immigrant. These facts are not stated in his biographic notices; but this particular bishop was born in Jones County, Georgia, and his humane father sent him to Canada, where he was educated and rose to the bishopric. A man who was a major-general in the Confederacy and who subsequently became a United States Senator from a Southern state was known in a limited circle to be the grandson of a mulatto woman.

In the search for ancestry required for membership in certain patriotic societies, any number of cases have been found where the maternal ancestor was an African, and when the applicant discovered this fact, rather than submit his genealogical tree to inspection, he would withdraw his application. In Maryland and Virginia, in early colonial days, marriages between whites and blacks were not unknown, and the growing prevalence of the practice resulted in anti-miscegenation laws in the colonies. Our fiction has taken facts growing out of the conditions mentioned above and has constructed very ingenious plots and situations out of them.

The editor of the *Age-Herald* is doubtless familiar with W. D. Howells' "An Imperative Duty," and Charles W. Chestnut's "The House Behind the Cedars."

The great Spanish Republican and parliamentary orator, Emilio Castelar, has a novel entitled "La Historia de un Corazon" (The History of a Heart), in which he deals with the intermarriage question. One of the characters is a United States Senator from Louisiana, another is his wife, and a third is a mulatto slave. The story is exceedingly sensational. If the editor of the *Age-Herald* reads Spanish, we commend to him a perusal of the book.

However, it is not blood, nor birth that makes a man, but thought and feeling and deed. The day will come when the descendants of the colored people now passing as white will be proud to acknowledge their African descent. It is too late to talk about guarding against mongrelization and hybridity; these things have come and have come through the procurement largely of Southern white men.

## THE 15TH AMENDMENT.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, in a letter to Representative Thomas W. Hardwick, and published in the leading papers in his state, a portion of which we publish in this week's BEE, states that the only salvation for the white people in the South and an improvement in the condition of the colored people would be the repeal of the fifteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States. Just how the repeal of this amendment will protect the white people and improve the condition of the negro race the distinguished gentlemen from Georgia does not state. With the amendment in operation, it doesn't seem to curb the venom of his people towards the negro, and how it will help the negro by repealing it, THE BEE is in doubt. In many countries upon this globe, where there is a constitution and it is violated, the violators are punished. But in this country, and more especially in the South, there is a disregard for laws of the state and Federal Constitution. Why does the Senator want the amendment repealed? Are not the states South in control of his party in violation of the Constitution of the United States? Does not the Constitution guarantee equal privileges to every citizen irrespective of color or previous condition? Is this guarantee exercised in the South by the colored man? The Senator also states that the Republican party is responsible for the freedom of the negro in the South. Admitting that the party is, has the negro violated the Federal Constitution? It is also claimed that the Republican party is responsible for ignorant negro holding office at the South. THE BEE denies this assertion. There has never been an ignorant negro appointed to office in the South or from the South in any of the departments of our Federal government. If colored men have been elected to office in the South they have been men of the highest culture and if Senator Bacon would take the time and refresh his memory he will read of such men as the late Blanch K. Bruce, a Senator from Mississippi, who had more sense than Senator Bacon ever will have, if he lives one hundred years.

There was the late Robert Eliot, of South Carolina, Henry Plummer Cheatham, of North Carolina, Geo. H. White, of North Carolina; John R. Lynch, of Mississippi. Then we have as Register of the Treasury, Hon. Judson W. Lyons, of Augusta, Ga., one of Senator Bacon's own constituents, and a refined and educated gentleman. Are these distinguished men a refutation of the Senator's slanderous letter? There have been more ignorant white men elected to the United States Senate and the House of Representatives from the South than there have been colored men. More white men have disgraced their positions in Congress from the South than colored men. And if they were required to pass a civil service examination, THE BEE is confident that Senator

Bacon would be one of the failures. Senator Bacon's letter is amusing and he is to be pitied and not condemned. If he knew better he would deal with him harshly. The devil will teach him some sense when he gets him, because he will find no distinction made of sinners in the devil's apartment. All are treated alike. There are no amendments there but those who have violated the commandments will be justly rewarded—no exception made of Senator Bacon.

## A JUVENILE COURT.

The President is to be congratulated for his recommendation for a juvenile court. Such a court in this city is what the people want. The next question is, What kind of a man should be placed at the head of that court? THE BEE is of the opinion that Judge Lewis I. O'Neal is just the kind of a man to be appointed. It is the consensus of opinion that he is one of the most level-headed men that has ever been in the police court. He knows how to deal with children. Indeed, he has a keen conception of human nature. As a justice of the peace, his record is that he will mete out justice to the rich and the poor alike. He never comes to a hasty conclusion in anything. His appointment would certainly meet the approval of everybody. We quote the following from the President's message:

"In the vital matter of taking care of children, much advantage could be gained by a careful study of what has been accomplished in such states as Illinois and Colorado by the juvenile courts. The work of the juvenile court is really a work of character building. It is now generally recognized that young boys and young girls who go wrong should not be treated as criminals, not even necessarily as needing reformation, but rather as needing to have their characters formed, and for this end to have them tested and developed by a system of probation. Much admirable work has been done in many of our Commonwealths by earnest men and women who have made a special study of the needs of those classes of children which furnish the greatest number of juvenile offenders, and therefore, the greatest number of adult offenders; and by their aid, and by profiting by the experiences of the different states and cities in these matters, it would be easy to provide a good code for the District of Columbia."

The President states that these juveniles are not to be regarded as criminals. THE BEE has been considering for some time just what the President has stated, but what does the law say after these convicted juveniles reach manhood? They are summoned as jurors and are asked if they have ever been convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude. Indeed many boys are convicted daily in the juvenile court for house-breaking, rape, larceny, grand and petty. Will not these offenses confront the youth after he has reached manhood? The law should be so amended so as to relieve the youth of a criminal record. He ought not be held responsible for offenses committed while a juvenile that will operate against him after he reaches his majority. Will some one learned in law call the attention of Congress to this? When that court is established or when a bill is framed by the Judiciary Committee of Congress, a provision should be made to relieve the juvenile after he reaches his majority.

## OF SOLUTIONS OF THE SO-CALLED

"Negro problem" there is no end. The latest attempt, as well as the most ludicrous, is an emanation from the brain of Mr. Daniel Alexander Payne Murray, called for short "Dan" Murray, an employee of the Library of Congress. Mr. Murray is a man of remarkable versatility of thought, as well as of indefatigable industry. His particular recreation is the drafting of bills to inquire into the condition of the freedmen, but as we have already said, his latest effort is a

shy at the solution of the vexed race question. He takes his place in the ranks of the "stand patters," by announcing that his remedy is to "simply stand pat on every form of labor for a given time as a silent protest against injustice," "go on half rations," and "spend the time in earnest prayer to God to remove the threatening wrong." We never before heard of praying while you stand pat; in other words we never heard of prayer and poker going together. Our notion of "the great American game" is of such a worldly and profane character that we have never thought of prayer as a concomitant. Notwithstanding Mr. Murray's advice, we are of the opinion that "three of a kind" will take "a pair," although the holder of the "pair" may be powerful in prayer. Of course, if Mr. Murray's remedy is a "game of bluff," and his hand is never to be "called," that is another story. And as to "half rations," that may be an incentive to economy and frugality, but it is difficult to see how that would help a solution of the race question. It may be that Mr. Murray has taken his own medicine. In that event he should describe his experience. We have never known him to "stand pat," and from his hospitable disposition, we think he has no predilection for "half rations." As for praying,—well, that is a matter that can be attended in secret; but we think Mr. Murray has no reputation as a man of prayer. Those interested in the full statement of his views may consult the November number of the *Voice of the Negro*. The next time Mr. Murray is in a jocular vein we should advise him to leave out the matter of prayer. Prayer is too sacred to be handled in a facetious manner.

## PUBLIC CONTEMPT COMMITTEE.

The colored people of this District will be pained to learn that Mr. M. I. Weller has been appointed chairman of the committee on public comfort for the approaching inauguration. Mr. Weller was chairman of the committee on public comfort at the Grand Army Encampment of 1902, and he segregated the colored members of the committee into a subcommittee to look after colored people, and did not send them notices to attend the meetings of the general committee. This action on the part of Mr. Weller was the only thing that marred an otherwise faultless encampment. With this record he is now appointed chairman of the same committee which will look after visitors to the coming inauguration. Judging the future by the past, it would not be surprising if he brought his "objectionable" ideas to his present task, and if he found vain, conceited and selfish colored men ready to aid and abet him. THE BEE as a watchman on the walls calls attention to the matter. Forewarned is forearmed. Any attempt in any quarter to have "separate" arrangements in connection with the inauguration of President Roosevelt, should be smothered in its incipency.

From *The Guardian*, of Boston, Mass., we learn that Prof. Wm. H. Ferris is now Rev. W. H. Ferris, pastor of Christ Congregational Church, Wilmington, N. C., having been ordained to the Christian ministry last month. Rev. Mr. Ferris has enjoyed exceptional educational advantages, having taken degrees at both Yale and Harvard. We wish Rev. Mr. Ferris great success in the gospel ministry. He is a pure and upright young man.

## WHAT MEANS THIS UNREST?

The poor negro is in a state of unrest. With suppressed silence, fear and uneasiness, he is wondering to himself if the South with her hypocritical sophists will be able to deceive the President. The negro is wondering to himself, after such a glorious victory November eighth and with such an endorsement from the people, if the President will allow the wicked South to fool him. The South claims if the Republican administration will

leave the negro to her she will solve the question and attend to his wants. It would mean a re-enslavement of the faithful black allies. It would mean that the negro would be deprived entirely of his civil and political rights. The negro knows not what to do and neither is his faith in existing conditions certain. The negro cannot organize because he has not sense enough to pull together. If he could be induced to organize upon economic basis and stick, he might be able to accomplish something. He is afraid of himself. He legislates against himself to the extent of pleasing the white man. The intelligent negro seems to be void of manhood and today he is the apologetic toady to the proud concession. It is a new leadership that is void of those manly principles which made Douglass great and Longstar wise. This leadership is a mockery to the memory of Nat Turner and to those brave and noble negroes who believed and advocated equality of citizenship. If Garrison, Sumner, Wilson and Douglass could but rise from their graves what would they think of this cowardly race. They would say, "Did we die to enslave or free you? Did we suffer abuse, oppression and ostracism that this race should retrograde?"

## A COWARDLY RACE.

There are nearly ten million negroes in the United States, most, if not all, of whom are apologists and trimmers. Out of this negro population you can't find a man who has any standing in the American body politic. It is not because we haven't any who should be consulted on conferred with politically, but the fact is, the negro man is not sufficiently united to make one of its number strong enough to force recognition. We are cowards and we know it. One waiting for the other to move. Then if one moves the others will call a halt on him, and declare that he is either a fool or a knave. The negro must outlive a policy that must either make him or break him politically. Is there any among us willing and ready to define a policy? No other race upon the globe would stand what the negro has undergone. At the way he is traveling will he ever reach the diadem? Will he learn that true manhood doesn't mean that he should discriminate against himself. Just think of it. Almost ten millions in a country whose flag and Constitution assert equality of citizenship, but yet slaves—slaves, slaves, serfs, toadies and cowards! A race depending upon the white race for success, for citizenship and independence! If the negro has no policy, let him tamely submit to this oppression. Let him make no further defense of his ballot. He is no longer a man. He is afraid of himself. He is against himself. He is a cowardly slave—a slave!

## SOCIAL BLUFFS.

THE BEE is of the opinion that there will be more social bluffs enacted next year when a few self-constituted interlopers in this city will attempt to call a meeting of the citizens for the purpose of making arrangements for a negro or Jim Crow inaugural ball. These affairs always turn out to be social bluffs. If the citizens of this city are really anxious to entertain the strangers who may come to the city inauguration week, THE BEE begs to suggest to the organization known as the Native Washingtonians to get together at once and call the people together for the purpose of organizing a social committee in deed and in fact. If the Native Washingtonians refuse, THE BEE would suggest Mr. John F. Scott, Dr. Shadd, Prof. L. M. Hershaw, Dr. Francis, Major Fleetwood, R. W. Thropkins, Justice Terrell, Mr. John A. Gray, Dr. Cubbiness, Dr. Thos. Martin, Dr. S. M. Pierre, Dr. Daniels, and a few others THE BEE might name as a suitable committee to arrange for an inaugural ball. The citizens should no longer tolerate these self-constituted individuals who seem to be under the thumb and feet of a few prejudiced white men. If we are to have an inaugu-

ral ball, let it be one in deed and in fact. Get to work, gentlemen, and call the people. Let us have no more shams.

## POSTMASTER MERRITT.

The nomination of Hon. John A. Merritt, by President Roosevelt to be postmaster of Washington is very gratifying to the people in this city. THE BEE wants to thank the President because Mr. Merritt is a deserving man as well as a competent official. He has given entire satisfaction and made a record of which any one may feel proud. The people love him because he has done all in his power to please them. He is willing and ready at all times to give the most humble citizen a hearing. There is no man in official life who is entitled to the best wishes of the people more than Mr. Merritt. Mr. Merritt, THE BEE congratulates you and hands you a small sip of its honey and will never sting you even should you turn over its hive. Its stings are for its enemies and not its friends.

The inaugural committee has no black pepper in it.

THE BEE reaches the people and if advertisers want trade, advertise in it.

The negro is against himself. He opposes himself and "Jim Crow" himself.

The death of Genl. Tyner takes away one of the greatest men in this country.

Judge Kimball is making every effort to break up sharp practice in his court.

This may be a white man's government, but the day may come when the tables will be turned.

If the real citizens of Washington don't call a halt to the interlopers their city will be disgraced.

Can the report be true that the recent Coleridge Taylor committee refused to sell private boxes to colored people?

THE BEE would be pleased to know what chronic disease affects the editor of *The Home News*, of Alexandria, Va.

Editor Murphy, of the *Afro-American Ledger*, always was a hustler. He generally speaks out in open meeting.

Editor Magnus L. Robinson continues to do business at the old stand, notwithstanding the editor of the *Home News*.

The Mt. Vernon Ladies' Association objects to negro excursion boats landing. Congress should be asked to make no appropriation for that place.

Secretary Shaw may know what it takes to run the Treasury department, but he certainly doesn't know the amount the Commissioners want to run our local government.

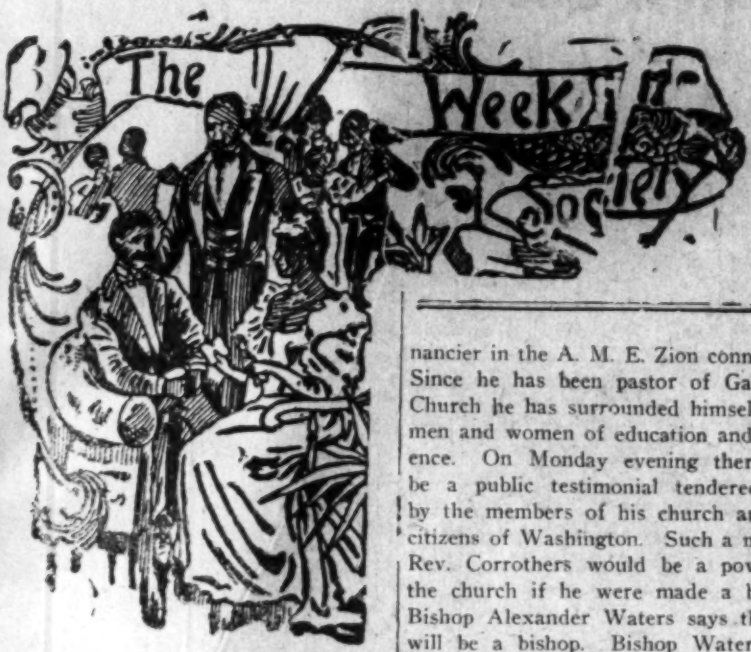
Editor Ashbie Hawkins has a poor opinion of the white Republicans of Maryland. The negro Democrat has more power than negro Republicans, remarked Mr. Hawkins.

Some colored orators have an idea that the President can enter a state and punish violations of the law. Some people who read the Constitution of the United States don't understand it.

There will be hundreds of so-called big negroes appealing to Boss Washington for his endorsement. The Tuskegee boss ought to take race. Because he talks with the President the negroes imagine him great.

Heflin, of Alabama, was sworn in on Monday. The cowardly House made no objection. Republicans are in need of backbone. The Democratic South will continue in her devilry without a protest on the part of Republicans.





Church weddings are not fashionable now.

Mr. John F. Cook lives in one of the finest houses in this city.

There is some talk of tendering Prof. J. T. Layton a testimonial.

Send in your news matter before Wednesday of each week.

Now is the time to send in your Christmas and holiday notes.

Dr. Board read a paper before the Bethel Literary last Tuesday night.

Rev. W. Bishop Johnson, D.D., has sold the first edition of his new book.

Ex-Recorder H. P. Cheatham is in the city and will call on the President today.

Dr. C. B. Purvis, who is now living in Boston, Mass., is in the city for the winter.

Mr. Robert W. Thompkins has resigned from the Coleridge Taylor Choral Society.

Mrs. Syphox, mother of Mr. Douglass P. Syphox, is in the city. Mrs. Syphox looks well.

The citizens have decided to have nothing to do with a Jim Crow inaugural committee.

Mrs. Wm. C. Evans was elected president of the Crispus Attucks Association last Monday night.

Those who intend to receive New Year's Day are requested to send in their notices at once.

Miss Emma McGinnis will be the guest of Miss Stella Longly, of Baltimore, Md., next week.

Mrs. Scott, mother of Attorney A. W. Scott, is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dancy.

Attorney Royal Hughes has been elected one of the directors of the Crispus Attucks Association.

The Native Washingtonians, it is said, will be requested by the citizens to give an inaugural ball for the strangers.

The Young Men's Immediate Relief, the Young Men's Protective League and the Elder Men's Relief Association will give a series of receptions this winter.

Mrs. Geo. A. Myers, of Cleveland, O., who was injured by a fall some time ago, is out of danger and will be able to resume his business soon, greatly to the gratification of his friends.

Mrs. Eliza Quander, mother of Mr. L. S. Quander, died at her home Saturday afternoon and was buried from St. Stephen Catholic Church Tuesday morning at eleven o'clock. Mrs. Quander was in her 70th year when she died. She leaves four children, two boys and two girls.

Hon. John P. Green delivered an interesting and eloquent address before the Second Baptist Lyceum last Sunday afternoon. Addresses were also delivered by Messrs. Geo. W. Jackson, Prof. L. M. Hershaw, Prof. Geo. H. Smith, W. Calvin Chase and others. Tomorrow Mr. Jesse Lawson will read a paper on the requisites of leadership.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Carter, of Alexandria, Va., have issued cards for the twenty-first anniversary of their marriage, which will take place at their residence, 606 South Washington street, Alexandria, Va. Reception from 8 to 12 P. M. Mr. and Mrs. Carter have enjoyed twenty-one years of happy married life.

At a meeting of the Crispus Attucks Association held at Odd Fellows' hall Monday night, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, W. C. Evans; 1st vice-president, H. L. E. Sanford; second vice-president, Aldridge C. Lewis; third vice-president, Knox Brown; recording secretary, W. C. Burills; financial secretary, James A. Payne; board of directors, H. L. Bailey, J. C. Dancy, Royal Hughes, W. S. Lofton and L. M. Hershaw.

The association will have a smoker December 28th.

REV. CORROTHERS.

Rev. S. L. Corrothers, who has won his way in this country by industry and perseverance, is today the greatest fi-

## CORBSTONE CHIT AND CHAT.

The News of the City Bished Up for The Bee Readers.

PERSONAL POINTS POINTEDLY PUT.

Home News and Events Transcribed Since our Last Issue—Other Matters Worthy of Careful Consideration.

Progress, that which we call "advancing civilization," keeps minding ever hustling. He who would not be left hopelessly behind the procession must be always alert, and yet alertness cannot always save. In no field is this truth more clearly shown than in industrial lines. The inventive genius of the past forty or fifty years has almost revolutionized a great many trades.

Lieutenant-General Nelson A. Miles (retired), formerly the head of the United States Navy, is considering an offer to become adjutant-general in the administration of Governor Douglas. General Miles' decision is expected by Saturday. It is believed by many that he will accept.

Under the new Dick militia law, if General Miles accepts the office of adjutant-general of Massachusetts, he would receive the full pay, \$11,000 a year, of a lieutenant-general of the United States Army, and a salary of \$3,600 a year, which the Commonwealth pays to the adjutant-general, a total of \$14,600.

For the first time in the history of the Paris Pawnbroking Department, a motor car was pawned with it the other day. The proprietor drove his car slowly into the courtyard of the pawnbroking office in the Rue Servan and, after satisfying the official that the machine was really his own property, and showing that it was in good condition, he was allowed an advance on it.

Gen. F. C. Ainsworth, in his annual report, made public today, says the militia has made most satisfactory progress during the first year of its operation under the new legislation. "The organization and the personnel of the militia forces," he says, "have greatly improved, and the individual members of the National Guard have manifested an increased interest in its advancement."

General Ainsworth estimates that about seventy-five percent of the total strength of the organized militia could be depended upon to respond to a call to repel invasion or repel rebellion. He says, however, that there has been no opportunity during the fiscal year to determine accurately the percentage, because the need has not arisen.

"The new militia law," says General Ainsworth, "has aroused the interest of the young men of the country in military affairs and has increased their inclination for military service."

John A. Merritt will continue as postmaster of Washington.

The President and Secretary Platt, of New York, agreed on this course at a conference at the White House. The renomination of Postmaster Merritt will be sent to the Senate early in the present session.

Mr. Merritt is a citizen of Lockport, N. Y., and is regarded as the special protégé of Senator Platt.

The Osage Indians are the richest people in the world. They have \$8,000,000 in a State bank, and own 1,500,000 acres of land. Each square, brave and papoose in the tribe possesses land to the value of \$4,000, and the interest on their money gives an annual income of \$300 to each member.

It is said that in the past twelve months numerous European titled men have visited this country under assumed names, and the fact is explained in this way: When they come here the practice has been to associate them with a matrimonial venture. This is distasteful to those who are innocent of any intent to pick up an American heiress and fatal to those who really have such plans. Once put the tag "Fortune Hunter" on a bum baron or a spavined duke, and his plans are ruined. For these reasons many of the member of the European aristocracy come over incognito.

A Cleveland man has started a business which promises to be a great success. He has hired an office, a large number of expert stenographers and a number of telephones. Business men call up by telephone, dictate their letters over the wire to a stenographer, and the letters are later sent back by messenger boys to be signed.

"The sudden getting of wealth is apt to unbalance the average intellect," says Russell Sage. "I say this after more than fifty years' experience and observation in business life. Unless the man who gets unexpected riches has business capacity and sufficient will power to control himself, he is in danger. He should be able to overcome the nervous strain or his judgment is apt to be unsettled."

"Insanity? It often follows. I have watched the rise and fall of men in

## HOUSE & HERRMAN,

THE LARGE INS ALLMENT HOUSE In the CITY

Shows the timetoFURNISHYOURHOUSE  
CorsetsYour Floors and LIVE Comfortably.

OnlyFirst-Class stores keep first class goods and sold by first class clerks in

how large your Purchases are immediate delivery is made o any part of the city

Call at once.

Northeast Corner 7th and "I"

Name THE BEE when you call.

business, and it is my experience that the man who gets his footing slowly is much safer than the one that suddenly gets in control of wealth."

Friday, Dec. 3, 1904.—The Grand Lodge of F. A. A. M. for the District of Columbia inaugurated Oano Lodge (U. D.). The first degree was conferred upon a class of twenty-four. The Grand Master, Bp. W. H. J. Malvin, and a large host was present. After work the craft called off from labor to refreshment to the banquet at Irving's, D street southeast.

A Vienna society has been formed to aid persons with short memories. A card is issued, upon which the purchaser writes the date of an engagement and posts to the society's office. By the first post on the day of his engagement the card is received by the purchaser.

Terrible conditions are existing in the northern part of the State of Sinaloa. People are dying from hunger as well as from malaria, and the death rate is from twenty-five to forty a day. In many instances the dead do not receive a burial, but are thrown into ditches and canals.

Tea Tray, the stallion given to the Cuban Government by the late William C. Whitney, is dead. Tea Tray will be remembered best by Americans as the sire of the great Tenny, and the sensational episode in his career at Monmouth Park, when Mike Dwyer bet \$40,000 on him to win, and Isaac Murphy, the jockey, fell from his back during the race.

Lord Nelson's cocked hat, which the admiral gave to the sailing master of the "Victory," was sold at a London auction recently for five guineas, while an umbrella which the Duke of Wellington bestowed upon General Cook went for eight guineas.

### THE PRESIDENT AND THE BLACKS.

President Roosevelt has offended a negro Republican editor; unintentionally, perhaps, but the sting was there just the same.

At the recent unveiling of the statue of Frederick the Great the President alluded to the composite character of the people of the United States. He stated that "we," that is, we the people of this country, have in our veins the blood of the Englishman, of the Welshman, the Irishman, the German, the Frenchman, the Scotchman, the Italian, the Magyar, the Finn and the Slav.

It will be observed that the President omitted the African, thus clearly violating his heretofore expressed idea that there should be no distinction on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

The editor of the Washington Bee (colored) is apparently aggrieved at the omission by the President of the seven or eight millions of the sons and daughters of Africa, whom the several amendments to the Constitution declare to be part of the citizenship of these United States; and thus the negro editor had an excellent opportunity to hold the President in a close place.

In truth, the proposition submitted by President Roosevelt was a delicate one for a Republican official to handle. In discussing it he might have known that he would offend one or the other race of this country, and he evidently meant to spare his own race such offense. Suppose he had said: "We have in our veins the blood of the African, the Englishman," etc. That would have placed him in a most awkward position, and would have perhaps given encouragement to one of the "yellow perils" with which this world is confronted.

The Bee's editor drives back at the President by impudently asserting that "there is an admixture of African blood in the composition of fully two millions of the people of the United States who are known and accepted as pure 'Caucasians,'" and that "there is probably a larger admixture of African blood in the composition of the white people of the United States than there is of Italian, Magyar, Finn or Slav." The Bee further says that "thousands of instances are known of men and women one of whose grandparents or great-grandparents were pure African, who now pass as white people."

This last assertion on the part of an intelligent negro leader is quite serious, and it is now in question for those who have studied the question of race

admixture in a scientific way to let us know the facts on the subject. The utterance is a warning that war should be kept up against the evil of hybridization by a strict line of separation in anything like a social way between the two races. The people of the South fully recognize the necessity.—From the Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald, December 1, 1904.

### THE PERSONALITY OF BISHOP PAYNE.

In an interesting article in the current Southern Workman, W. S. Scarborough, of Wilberforce University, gives the following graphic picture of Bishop Payne, the founder of that institution:

"To the young of both sexes he was a father and a patron. Talent, genius, worth were never suffered to pass his door unhelped. He sought out the gifted, and was one of the first to help the artist Tanner on his road to success. He knew all about his race, its music, its arts, its literature, from the earliest and humblest efforts to those recognized by the world, and he was proud of every upward step. His early love for science grew with the passing years, and old age found him as deeply interested in a flower or a butterfly as he was when a youth. With his ever-fresh enthusiasm and appreciation he inspired all about him. His heart kept young. He was social, he loved the play of bright wit, and was as keen at repartee as anyone. His pupils, and the young generally, admired and revered him, but the evil-doer feared him, and the idle and self-conceited avoided him. He had no tolerance for these. It is a matter of history that when a pompous student remarked in his presence on the good results to be obtained for the brain from eating fish, he sharply rejoined, 'Mr. X., you will need to eat a whale.' He was a martinet in discipline. He knew its worth for an undisciplined people especially. Punctuality, promptness, correctness in manner and speech were required by him from both young and old. If a student preacher overstepped the time limit in his trial sermon, Bishop Payne has been known to rise from his seat, pluck his sleeve, and point with remorseless significance to the clock."

### DECEMBER 31ST IS THE LAST DAY

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The contract which renders it possible for us to give the Farm and Fireside free with each cash subscription to THE BEE expires by limitation on the thirty-first of October. It is "Now or Never." You had better borrow the two dollars with which to make home happy with these two interesting papers than to let this chance go by. It's the best investment you can secure with money. Try it and you will reap heavy weekly dividends.

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### OUR PROPOSITION.

Every new cash subscriber to THE BEE will be given a subscription to Farm and Fireside one year free.

Every old subscriber who pays his subscription to THE BEE to October 1, 1904, and one year in advance, will be given a year's subscription to this valuable farm paper.

Accept this offer today, before you neglect it.

This is an opportunity to secure Farm and Fireside one year free by merely paying your subscription in advance. You can learn the date on which your subscription expires by examining the figures following your name on the address label of THE BEE. If you are already paid ahead, send \$1.00, and your time will be advanced another year.

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## MRS. C. W. FAIRBANKS

SHE IS THE MENTOR OF THE VICE PRESIDENT-ELECT.

His Speeches Are Submitted to Her Before Being Given to the Public and Changed as She Suggests.

Indianapolis, Ind.—The election of Senator Fairbanks to the vice presidency has not only created great public interest in him, but also in Mrs. Fairbanks, who played an important part in influencing the senator to accept the nomination. At no time did she attempt to conceal her delight that the honor should come to him.

Of the two, indeed, Mrs. Fairbanks is the more ambitious for honor and power. She is fond of society, and she recognized the fact that it would be a distinct social gain to her to return to Washington as the wife of the vice president. A close friend of the family said some time ago that she was very anxious for the senator to accept the party nomination, and that he was governed largely by her wishes when, though not seeking the nomination, he gave his friends to understand that he would not refuse it.

Mrs. Fairbanks has long been known here for her freedom from ostentation and at the same time for her fondness for elegance, says an Indianapolis correspondent of the New York Herald. She treats all persons with courtesy and consideration. While possessing a fine instinct for the best in human nature and a certain shrewdness in her judgments of men and women, Mrs. Fairbanks has an artlessness and a childlike naivete that render her especially charming in her home and among her children. She enjoys their full confidence to an unusual degree.

While democratic in a rare degree in her manners, she is always careful and dignified, but her dignity is softened by a tact which is always at her



MRS. C. W. FAIRBANKS.  
The Brilliant and Pleasing Wife of the Vice President-Elect.

direction. She exercises a commanding influence in her home, and this influence extends to her husband in all matters political. He has great respect for her judgment, and she is a counselor as well as a wife.

All of his public speeches, it is said, are first submitted to her, and her advice is asked on important points. Nor do the criticisms fall heedlessly. Manuscripts are revised if Mrs. Fairbanks so advises. The senator makes it a practice to read his speeches to his wife in the quiet of the home library, and if passed upon favorably they are delivered to the large audiences in the senate or on the political platform.

Mrs. Fairbanks cannot be called a domestic woman in the sense of personally superintending her home, but she is brimful of hospitality. A housekeeper is in charge, and she is made responsible for the corps of well trained servants, after the fashion observed in large English establishments. Mrs. Fairbanks is a very busy woman, her large mail making heavy demands on her time, aside from multitudinous social duties.

The question of dress cannot be said to be an all absorbing one for Mrs. Fairbanks. Always dressed in excellent taste, Mrs. Fairbanks renders her gowns in keeping with her position rather than as a matter of superlative importance. New modes and the latest wrinkles of fashion trouble her not at all, nor will she consent to being made uncomfortable. Certain limitations she sets for her dressmakers; otherwise they are at full liberty to make her gowns as handsome and becoming as their ability permits. White is her favorite color.

Mrs. Fairbanks is the mother of five children. Mrs. John W. Timmens, Warren C., Frederick C., Richard M. and Robert. No society demand upon her was ever sufficient to cause her to take one moment from her children when they needed her attention, and they have grown up remarkably like the mother, kind, affable and popular. One of the striking characteristics of the family circle is the respect for one another that is manifested in a thousand ways.

### Late Beginning.

Sir Walter Scott began to write his celebrated novels at 40. Milton began "Paradise Lost" at 50. When "East Lynne" appeared its author, Mrs. Henry Wood, was 45. Cromwell was 41 when he began his public career. The year of the Hegira was the fifty-third of Mohammed, and Marlborough reached his independent command at the same age. In spiritual examples Abraham was 75 when called out of Charan, and Moses was 80 when he stood before Pharaoh as the champion of Israel.

## MAY WED EDWARD'S NIECE.

Duke of Connaught's Daughter, Victoria, May Become the Queen of Spain.

Madrid.—The announcement in the New York World several weeks ago that negotiations were pending for the marriage of King Alfonso with the Princess Victoria Patricia, daughter of the duke of Connaught and niece of King Edward, received confirmation here when the official announcement was recently made that the duke is shortly to pay a visit to Madrid accompanied by his daughter,



KING ALFONSO.  
It Is Reported He Will Make an English Princess His Queen.

says a copyrighted special to the New York World. Photographs of the young princess have been secured in England and are to be seen here and there in the shops of the city, where the probable selection of an English princess as the future queen of Spain has met with great favor.

The only difficulty in the way was the religious belief of the princess, who was born and reared as a member of the Church of England. The vatican authorities were consulted in the matter, and it was agreed that because of long-standing traditions the wife of the Spanish king should be always a Catholic. It is not expected that any objections will be made by King Edward or the dual family to the conversion of the young princess, as such proceeding is not unusual when princesses of royal blood marry the heir to the throne of another nation.

The reigning czarina, who embraced the orthodox religion just before her marriage, and the conversion to the Catholic church of Queen Helena of Italy are recent instances. In fact, arrangements have been already made to have the young princess instructed about the tenets of the church here in Madrid if her visit should be prolonged a sufficient length of time.

## MAY GET SENATORIAL TOGA

Thomas K. Niedringhaus May Succeed Cockrell in the United States Senate.

St. Louis.—The coming session of the Missouri legislature will elect a republican successor to Senator Cockrell, who has represented the state in the upper house of congress for some 30 years.

Chief among the possible wearers of the senatorial toga is Thomas K. Niedringhaus, the chairman of the republican state central committee, whose efficient political methods carried the state for Roosevelt, and elected a republican majority in the legislature. He is one of the foremost citizens of the state, a man greatly respected in both his own and the democratic party, and a leader among the substantial German-American element in St. Louis.



THOMAS K. NIEDRINGHAUS.  
He May Succeed Senator Cockrell in the United States Senate.

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### Directs Enormous Interests.

To be one of the richest women in the world is not such a pleasant experience as might be imagined. To an earnest, conscientious person like Helen Miller Gould the weight of responsibility is heavy. However, the burden in Miss Gould's case is lightened by the services of a remarkable young woman, Elizabeth Altman. Strong enough to carry enormous interests, tactful enough to turn aside the human current directed toward her principal without wounding, so self-effacing that her personality never obtrudes, keen and firm, but kindly, Miss Altman is the directing agency in Miss Gould's charities and philanthropies. It is through her that anyone who attempts to enlist Miss Gould's sympathies succeeds or fails, and she seldom, if ever, makes a mistake in her judgment on human nature and humanity's needs. She is called on not only to be a judge, but also an executive, for it is her genius that carries Miss Gould's beneficences into effect.

## ODD WOMAN'S CLUB.

DOMINATING SOCIAL FORCES WITHIN ARCTIC CIRCLES.

Has a Membership of Nearly One Hundred Women and Exerts an Influence for Great Good Throughout Alaska.

Nome, Alaska.—The farthest north woman's club in the world is the Kegonah Kozga club of Alaska. It is unique in other ways besides being the only woman's club within the arctic circle. From a nucleus of two incommunicable spirits, the Kegonah Kozga has grown to a strength of nearly 100, and has now an influence for great good in the country of snow and ice. It was started for the purpose of promoting social life and greater intellectual development among the intrepid women from all parts of the states and foreign countries who bravely followed their husbands or fathers into the land of the midnight sun to share their trials and hardships in the search for wealth. Under the missionary spirit, however, it has grown into one of greater usefulness, a real benefit to the poor savages of the north.

Wives and daughters of judges, physicians, mining experts and gold kings are the members of this organization. Women, many of whom during their short sojourn in the north, have had innumerable novel and thrilling experiences, more in a few months than their sisters, living in luxury in the states, have in a lifetime.

The members of this club during the winter, which is the long season in Alaska, have their reindeer and dog teams, where their sisters of the warmer south have their carriages. Instead of whirling up to the door of their friend's palatial mansion with a victoria on a bright, crisp winter's morn, the Aurora club members, on snow shoes, "mush" to the more humble habitation of a sister member.

The club was organized in 1901 under the leadership of Mrs. Josephine



MISS BARNARD.  
She Was a Charter Member of the Furthest North Woman's Club.

Scroggs, a minister's wife; Miss S. R. Barnard, a government teacher, and Mary E. Hart, a traveler and explorer. Kegonah Kozga, or Northern Lights, as it is translated from the Eskimo tongue, was chosen as an appropriate name because of the peculiar environments of the club. As a club home a small, unpretentious hall was hired at Nome, and the members made it cozy and attractive with rugs, hangings and curios. This was soon outgrown, and through a plan proposed by a wealthy mine owner's wife, funds were raised to build a permanent home. To-day the club is the chief social factor in the life of Alaska.

### How Much One Should Eat.

One of the much discussed questions of the day on which there are almost as many opinions as individuals is the quantity of food one should eat. Doctors all agree that the majority of people eat too much. Babies from the day of their birth are forced to eat too much, and they grow up with this artificial appetite. The most reasonable estimate yet made is probably that which fixes one-twentieth of the average weight of the body as the average daily quantity required. If you weigh 140 pounds you should consume seven pounds of food. This includes drink as well as solid food. But it is ridiculous to set down a hard and fast rule. Such a quantity might kill some, and there is a case on record of a man wasting away on a diet of seven or eight pounds of food a day. He cut down his diet to three-quarters of a pound of liquid and the same of solid food and as a result he grew stout and lived to a ripe old age.

### Nature's Inventions.

There is probably no human invention which nature has not already worked out beforehand for the convenience of some of her creatures. Take, for instance, the hypodermic syringe, which was invented only the other day, and was heralded with a flourish of trumpets. Its exact counterpart is found in the sting of the scorpion, almost the earliest creature of the rocks. The electric light is a great boon, but it is not a new thing. The deep sea lines of the Challenger brought up fish which, swimming in ocean darkness 3,000 fathoms below, have a row of lamps fitted along each side to light them in the pursuit of food. There is a spider which makes a balloon and knows how to manage it perfectly. And one of the builders of great lighthouses confesses that he got his most valuable suggestion from the bole of a tree.

### Exploring a Desert.

The Australian government has organized an expedition to explore the region between Lake Eyre and the boundary of Queensland. This land is said to be one of the worst deserts in the world.

## GREAT SIMPLON TUNNEL.

It is at Last Being Completed, But Under Almost Insurmountable Difficulties.

Paris.—Herr Hugo von Kager is the chief engineer of the Simplon tunnel, the work on which is being prosecuted in the face of such terrible difficulty. The contractors for the tunnel are a Hamburg firm, who employ a certain number of German engineers and foremen, but the unskilled labor is mainly Italian. Work has been carried on from the Swiss and Italian sides simultaneously, two parallel headings being pushed numerous cross connections being pushed



HERR HUGO VON KAGER.  
Chief Engineer of the Simplon Tunnel, Now Nearing Completion.

forward from each side, and there now remain only 280 yards to be excavated before the headings meet. The workers in the Swiss boring have suffered severely from springs, the amount of water which had to be dealt with (partly arising from natural infiltrations and in part comprising that introduced artificially for refrigeration, rock boring, etc.) amounted at length to 3,672 gallons a minute; but even this would not have sufficed to stop work, as has now been found necessary, but for the abnormally hot thermal springs which have been encountered at intervals. The men can and do work in cold water; but hot water is another matter, and although the issuing springs are cooled by jets of cold water being directed into their midst, the temperature of the workings became unbearable. This, combined with an impending landslide, has necessitated work being abandoned for a time, at least, on the Swiss side, and the tunnels are closed with two iron gates which weigh about eight tons, and are built to resist a pressure of 147 pounds per square inch of surface. On the Italian side work still progresses in spite of encountering a spring hotter than any yet tapped which discharges 960 gallons a minute, and the work will probably be completed from this side. It is feared, though, that grave difficulties may be encountered when the Italian heading has advanced sufficiently far to blast an entrance into the submerged heading.

## OLDEST NEW YORK VOTER.

Has Voted at Every Presidential Election Since the Days of Andrew Jackson.

Clyde, N. Y.—Marion county, West Virginia, has laid claim to have, in the person of Ezekiah Roby, who was born in 1811, and when 21 years old voted for Andrew Jackson, the oldest democratic voter in the United States, but that honor belongs to Wayne county, New York.

Peter Waldorf, of this town, has lived under the administration of every president except Washington and Adams. He was 97 years old on January 12 last, and cast his first vote for Andrew Jackson in 1828. Without a single skip he has voted at every election since—town,



PETER WALDORF.  
Has Voted at Every Presidential Election Since Jackson's Time.

state and national—and always the straight democratic ticket, just as he did on November 8 this year. He believes he is the champion voter of the Empire State and doubtless entitled to the "record" for the United States.

Mr. Waldorf is remarkable for his fine memory, keenness of intellect and unusual bodily agility and sprightliness. He has worked this year on his farm three miles east of Clyde. He loves outdoor life, and often walks to this village and occasionally to Rose, five miles further, to visit his son. His wife died 80 years ago, but he has eight children, all of whom are living.

### A Goody Town.

New Britain, Conn., with its population of 30,000, gets along with two policemen by day and only one at night.

### Goat's Flesh for Lamb.

A Paris butcher has been sent to prison for three months for selling goat's flesh dressed to resemble lamb.

## A New Book

"The Scourging of a Race," and twenty-one of my addresses delivered on special occasions, which will be ready for distribution September 1, 1904. This work has been prepared at a cost of nearly \$1,000, and at the request of some of the most eminent men of our race, from every section of the country. The price is \$1.00; postage or express, 30 cents. The number of copies is limited.

In order that you may subscribe in advance, and send me the money either on September 1st, upon the delivery of the book, or with your order. If you send it with your order it will cost only One Dollar. This will be a personal service to me.

The following are the contents:

The Scourging of a Race.  
A Broadened Vision—The Need of Twentieth Century Christianity.  
The Wheels of Providence.  
The Coming of Shiloh.  
A Throne of Glory.  
Citizenship, Suffrage and the Negro.

Ruth, a Noble Type of True Womanhood.

The Divine—Humanity.

The Baptists and the Lutheran Reformation.

The Seven Seals.

Address to the Graduating Class of 1902, Virginia Theological Seminary and College.

Eulogy on Wm. J. Simmons, D. D., LL. D.

The Religious Status of the Negro.

National Perils.

The Character and Work of the Apostle Paul.

Robert G. Shaw.

The Religious and Secular Press Compared.

The Value of Baptist Principles to the American Government.

The Church as a Factor in the Race Problem.

The Divinity of the Church.

Christian Resources of Afro-Americans.

The Vacant Tomb.

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Yours truly,

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Pendants, Link Bracelets, Gold and  
Silver Watches, Fobs, Studs, Foun-  
tain Pens, Desk Sets, Collar But-  
tons, Desk Clocks, Shaving Sets,  
Mirrors, Military Brushes, Hair  
Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hat  
Brushes, Mirrors, Comb, Brush and  
Mirror Sets, Ink Bottles, Powder  
Puffs and Cases, Jewel Cases, etc.  
CUT GLASS.

Is always appropriate at the Christ-  
mas season. There is something  
about its glitter and beauty and  
brightness which makes it appeal to  
those of refined tastes. There is  
a vast difference in Cut Glass qual-  
ities and patterns. I am showing  
only the kind you will be wise in  
buying. The right value is in each  
piece for the money you pay for  
it.



#### CATHOLIC GOODS.

The largest assortment in the  
city of High Grade Rosaries in  
Solid Gold, Solid Silver, Pearl,  
Amethyst, Crystal, Garnet, Emer-  
ald, Jade, Opal, Sapphire, Tur-  
quoise, Jasper, etc.

#### PRAYER BOOKS.

The Handsomest in the City.  
Religious Medals in Gold and  
Silver; Immaculate Conception, St.  
Benedict, Infant of Prague, St. Jo-  
seph, St. Anthony, St. Aloysius, etc.  
Solid Gold; Sacred Heart Medals  
in great variety.

#### SILVER.

Tea Sets, Coffee Sets, Water  
Sets, Chafing Dishes, Pudding  
Dishes, Soup Tureens, Butter Dis-  
hes, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons, Sugar  
Shells, Fish Sets, Carving Sets,  
Oyster Forks, Orange Spoons, Sar-  
dine Forks, Tomato Servers, Berry  
Sets, Gravy Ladles, Souvenir  
Spoons, Chocolate Spoons, Cut  
Bowls, etc., etc.

#### "DEN" DECORATIONS.

Imported Metlach and Munich  
Steins, Brownies, Clocks, etc.  
Novelties in Umbrellas, Gold, Sil-  
ver, and French Grey. Rich De-  
signs.

#### CLOCKS.

Brass Clocks, Porcelain Clocks,  
Enameled Clocks, Gilt Clocks,  
Alarm Clocks. Each style will  
make an appropriate Christmas  
present.

Don't be misled by the "fake"  
discounts offered you by the Instal-  
ment Jewelry Houses. The prices  
of these places are fully 50 per cent  
higher than the legitimate jeweler.  
They advertise a discount of 25 per  
cent and yet with the fake discount  
offered you their prices are 25 per  
cent higher than you would buy  
the same goods in a legitimate store.  
Goods laid by for the Holidays.  
Come now and avoid the rush.

Respectfully yours,  
E. VOIGT.

The 2,000-year-old mummy of "The  
Osirian, the Lady, the Chantress, in  
the Egyptian Temple of Amen," was  
sold for only 5 pounds.



## Agents Wanted \$20.00 a week

FOR SELLING

### Light Ahead For The Negro

BY J. A. JOHNSON, AUTHOR OF THE HISTORY OF THE NEGRO RACE  
History of Negro Soldiers in the Spanish-American War, The Negro  
Almanac and Statistics.

The latest and most interesting story yet published on the Negro problem  
pictures the career of a brilliant young Southern lady who exposed the Ne-  
gro's cause, creates a revolution in Southern sentiment and shows how this  
problem can be settled by just and human treatment. The Negro's past, present  
and future is vividly presented, interwoven with romance, fiction, love and  
marriage. Some favorite subjects treated are: The Story of Reconstruction,  
The tyranny of prejudice, newspapers, the success of governments created  
by Negro votes in the South, Labor unions and color line, The kind of educa-  
tion the Negro needs, Southern plantations in the hands of Negroes and ne-  
groes in the court, John Temple Graves, Vardaman and Tillman answered suc-  
cessfully. PRICE \$1.00, 10c postpaid.

ADDRESS THE GRAFTON PRESS,  
No. 70 Fifth Avenue New York, N. Y.

## The New Drug Store

1904 L Street, N. W.,

All drugs strictly first class. Every thing found in an  
up to date Drug store can be had in this store. Prescrip-  
tions a specialty.

J. W. MORSE-PROP.

## Wm. Cannon,

Fine wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

The Place to CALL and PURCHASE

### Purissima Whiskey

1225 and 1227 7th Street, Northwest

#### PETER GROGAN.

The greatest installment house in  
this city is the firm of Peter Grogan  
& Sons. This was the first house of  
its kind to bring relief to all classes  
of people in this city. This firm deals  
fairly and justly with its customers.  
The poor receive the same considera-  
tion as the rich. The firm has done  
something that no other house in the  
country has done. It makes a reduc-  
tion on all bills if they are paid with-  
in a certain time. THE BEE calls  
special attention to the large adver-  
tisement in this week's issue, and it  
also asks its patrons to keep their  
eyes open on future advertisements  
that will appear during the month of  
December. If you don't see what you  
want, ask for it. If it is not in stock  
it will be procured immediately. Go  
to this house and get what you need.  
All Washington can be accommodat-  
ed at once. Call and inspect for  
yourselves. Mention THE BEE by all  
means.

### Julius Cohen,

CLOTHIER and GENTS OUTFITTER.

\$1.—Full Dress Suits For Hire—\$1.

1100 and 1104 Seventh St., Northwest

Washington, D. C.

### J. D. O'Connor,

BUFFET.

Union Bar and Union Goods only.

Yellow Key Stone Pure Rye Whiskey.

Cor. 7th and P Sts. N. W.

### Wm Moreland

(HOLTMAN'S OLD STAND)

—DEALER IN—

### BOOTS

AND

### SHOES

\$3.50 Shoes a specialty.

491 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.

SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.

Secretary Wilson's report states  
that the hens of this country lay 1-  
666,000,000 dozen eggs in a year.

## John Rudden, Furniture, Carpets, etc.

801, 803, 805 Seventh St. N. W.

### The Louis Rothschild Co.,

WHOLESALE

### Whiskies

407 7th Street Northwest.

Distributors Jas. E. Pepper Whiskey.

Phone: Main 1852.

### RAIN COATS \$18

To your order.

A nobby garment, one that would  
surely cost \$45.00 any where in town.  
Perfect fit absolutely guaranteed.

OVERCOATS  
The Swellest Patterns to  
Your order. \$14.75

The best value your money could  
possibly buy. Just take a look, and be  
convinced of this fact. Faultless fit al-  
ways guaranteed.

S. GOLDHEIM & SONS,  
Washington's Leading Tailors,  
403—Seventh Street—405.  
Avenue Store, 1221 Pa. ave.

#### THE

HUDSON'S VARIETY STORE

Phone Main 527.

416 7th Street N. W.

ALL FOR 69 Cts.

6 Dinner Plates 60 cts.

6 Breakfast Plates 50 cts.

6 Tea Plates 40 cts.

6 Fruit Saucers 30 cts.

1 Vegetable Dish 20 cts.

6 Cups & Saucers 60 cts.

1 Basket 10 cts.

\$2.70.

ALL FOR 69 Cts.

Democracy will never regain its lost  
prestige and power until it learns  
to treat the negro as a brother and  
a man.

#### LEG. I. NOTICES.

Thomas L. Jones, Atty.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia  
Holding a Probate Court  
No. 1258 Administration  
That the subscriber of the District of Colum-  
bia has obtained from the Probate court of the  
District of Columbia, letters of administration on  
the estate of John V. Thomas late of the District  
of Columbia deceased. All persons having claims  
against the estate, with vouchers therefor, legally  
authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before  
the 15th day of November, A. D. 1902; otherwise  
they may be excluded from all benefit  
of said estate.  
Given under my hand this 15th day of Novem-  
ber, 1902.

Rachel Thomas, 728 12th St. N. E.

Attest: James Tanner, Register of Wills for the Dis-  
trict of Columbia, Clerk of the  
Probate Court.

Thomas L. Jones, Atty.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.  
Holding a Probate Court.  
No. 1258 Administration.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE:

That the subscriber of the District of Colum-  
bia has obtained from the Probate court of the  
District of Columbia, letters of administration on  
the estate of James H. Jenkins late of the  
District of Columbia deceased. All persons  
having claims against the deceased are hereby  
warned to exhibit the same, with vouchers there-  
of, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or  
before the 15th day of November, A. D. 1902;  
otherwise they may be excluded from all benefit  
of said estate.  
Given under my hand this 15th day of Novem-  
ber, 1902.

Annie G. Brown, 1214 W. St. N. E.

Attest: James Tanner, Register of Wills for the Dis-  
trict of Columbia, Clerk of the  
Probate Court.

### What Pure Whiskey is

can easily be found. Smell your drink  
before imbibing it. Better still smell  
the drained glass. The least disagree-  
able or foul odor betrays poison in the  
whiskey. Perfect distribution means  
the careful separation of the first and  
the end run from the still, the poison-  
ous impure essential grain-oils (phlegm  
faints, fusels) from the miedling prod-  
uct, good, potable spirit. Very likely  
the majority of cheap whiskies, either  
from economy or ignorance, carry a  
larger or smaller proportion of impuri-  
ties. Such defective whiskies are nev-  
er admitted into the stock, and hence  
cannot be obtained at the store of

### Chris. Xander,

909 7th street Northwest.

PETER GROGAN.  
Credit For all Washington.

#### REMEMBER

WE GRANT

THE FOLLOWING

DISCOUNTS IN

THE PAYMENT

OF BILLS:

10 per cent discount for  
cash with order, or if paid  
in full within 30 days.

7½ per cent discount on  
bills paid in full within  
60 days.

5 per cent discount if  
paid in full within 90 days



Even though

you may not

avail yourself

of the above

discounts, you

will find our

plainly marked

prices as low

as the lowest

prices in the

cash stores.

Get whatever

you need in

Parlor, Bed room

and Dining room

Furniture, also

Carpets, rugs,

Draperies, Crockery,

&c., and pay for them

next year. We

will arrange your

payments so that

they will not in-  
terfere in the

slightest with  
your Christmas

money. Carpets

made, laid and

lined entirely free

of cost—no charge

for waste in

matching figures.

PETER GROGAN,

817-819-821-823 Seventh Street

Between H and I Sts.

WE DO BUSINESS AT ONE PRICE.

### Misfit Cloth-

ing Parlor,

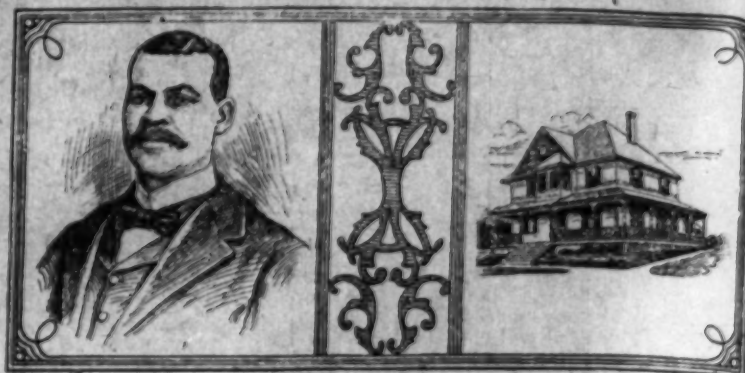
Fine Garments (Slightly Worn) Made

by Our Leading Tailors.

JUSTH'S OLD STAND.

Established 1865. 619 D St. N. W.

## J. A. LANKFORD,



### Architect And Builder

Expert builder, examiner and estimator. Plans gotten out at short notice,  
from rough sketches, pencil drawings, or from written or verbal descriptions,  
and mailed to any section of the country. In the past thirty-two (32) months  
we have designed, overhauled, repaired and built over Five Hundred Thou-  
sand Dollars (\$500,000.00) worth of work in Washington, D. C., and vicinity  
the class of work being of every description and character.

We make a specialty of church and hall designs, and arranging loans.  
Any one anticipating having plans gotten out, buildings overhauled or re-  
paired, we would be glad to have you call or write us. No charges for advice  
given in any of the above named lines.

Main office, 609 F Street, Northwest.

Residence, 1210 V Street Northwest, Washington D. C.

Telephone Number, Main 2824.

## Skeados & Skeados, New York Candy Kitchen

908-7th St. N. W.

SPECIAL THIS YEAR.

8 lbs. Candy.....\$1.00.

6 lbs. Candy.....\$1.00.

5 lbs. Candy.....\$1.00.

3 lbs. Candy.....\$0.25.

The best place in the city for Christmas Candies. Candies of ev-  
ery description and quality.

## AT Duffy's Place You Can Buy All Leading Brands Of Whiskies, Gins, Rums, &c.

DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED

### California & Imported Wines

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

1252 H St. N.E. Cor. 13th.

Under Heiman, the furniture man.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt attention.

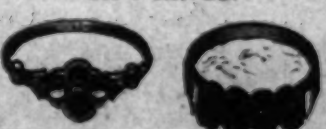
## Christmas Jewelry.

Buy your presents now—don't wait until the  
last moment. Come while there is ample time to  
choose from complete stocks. Your selection now  
will guarantee perfect satisfaction.

We Will Lay Your Purchase Aside Upon Payment of a Small Deposit

### All Engraving Done Free

GIFT RINGS.



are constant reminders of the do-  
nor. They are always acceptable.

One of our specials this year is

a solid gold ring, set with any

birth stone. Our price,.....\$2.50.

WATCHES FOR XMAS



Ladies 14k. Gold-filled Watch;

excellent time piece, hunting case;

guaranteed, Regular \$10 value.

Our price.....\$7.25.

## Selinger's

816 F St., Northwest.